

How to set up the LDAP authentication on HiOS devices

- 2022-01-10 - HiOS

LDAP Authentication HiOS (SSL)

This lesson describes how to configure LDAP Authentication on HiOS devices.

Useful tools: LDAP browser e.g. Softerra LDAP Browser

Installation of an Active Directory Server

For the installation procedure of Windows AD Server 2012 please refer to the following knowledge base article:

<http://social.technet.microsoft.com/wiki/contents/articles/12370.windows-server-2012-set-up-your-first-domain-controller-step-by-step.aspx>

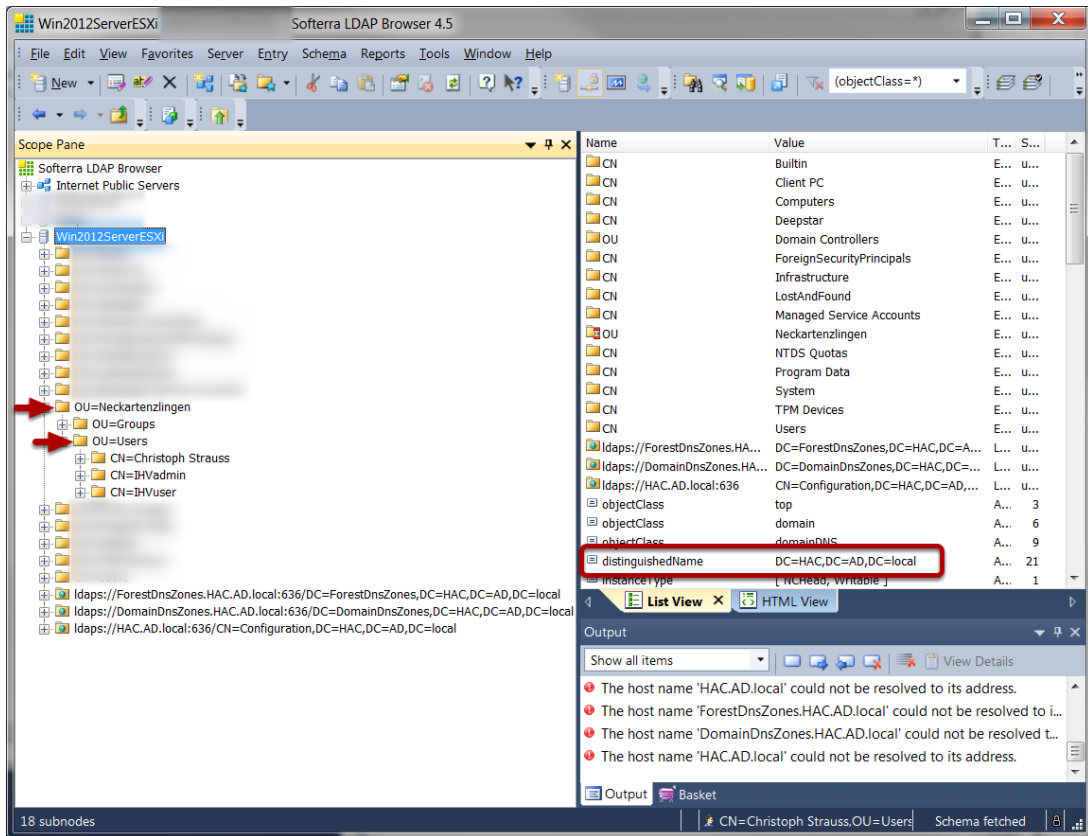
For the installation procedure of Windows AD Server 2016 please refer to the following article:

<https://ittutorials.net/microsoft/windows-server-2016/setting-up-active-directory-ad-in-windows-server-2016/>

Instructions how to setup the Microsoft AD Certificate Service can you find here:

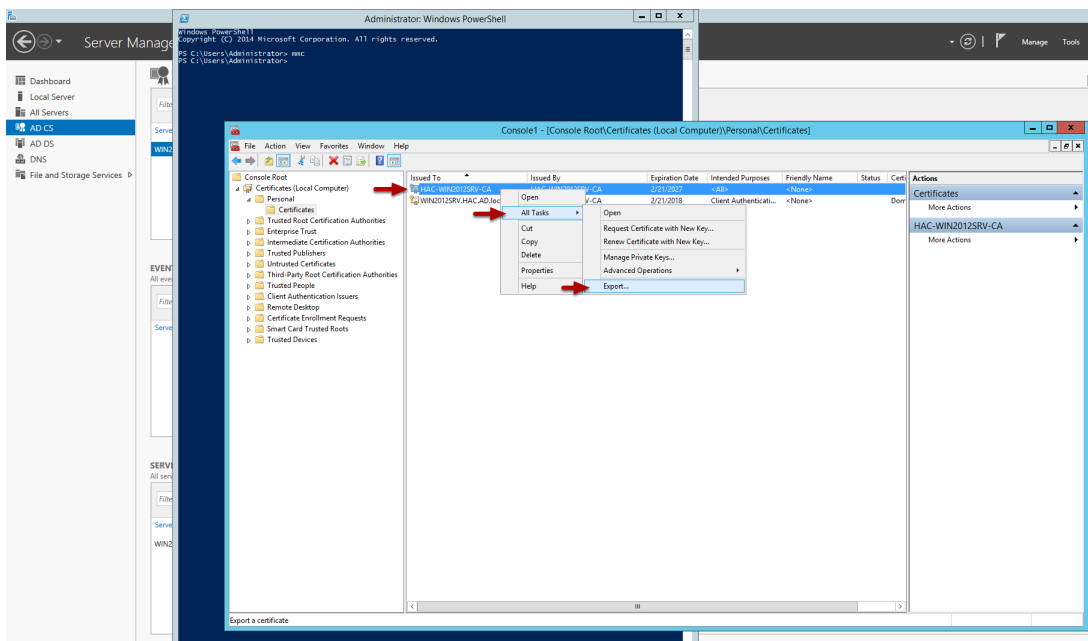
<https://www.virtuallyboring.com/setup-microsoft-active-directory-certificate-services-ad-cs/>

Browse LDAP Server



Use a LDAP Browser and browse the structure of your AD server.

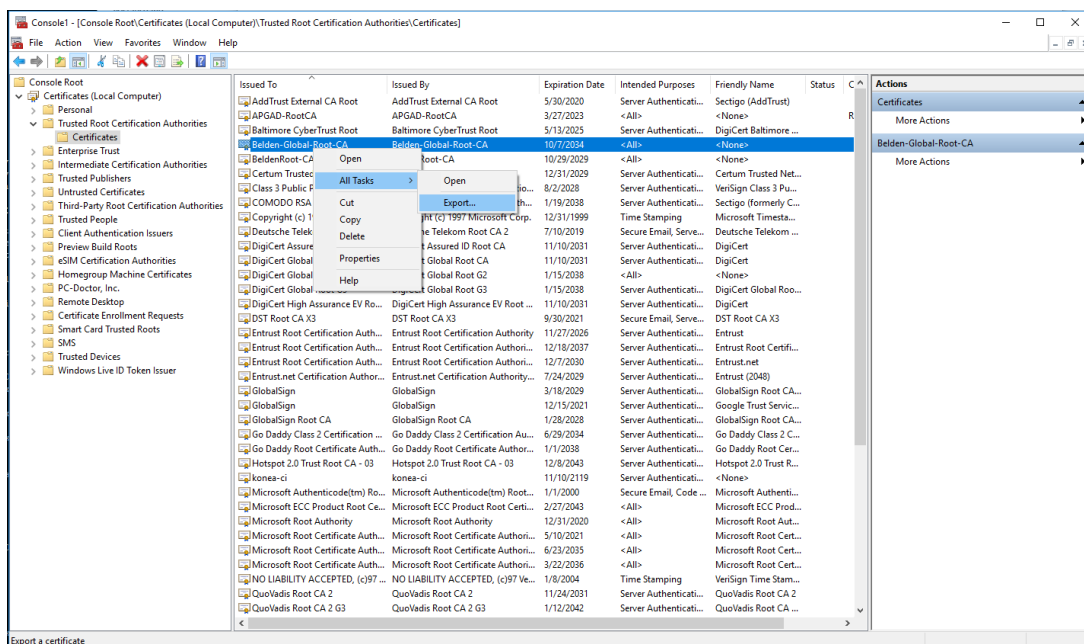
Retrieve the Active Directory CA certificate from server



1. Make a remote desktop connection or log onto the console of a DC.
2. Via powershell, launch the Microsoft Management Console by typing MMC and pressing enter

3. From the FILE menu choose ADD/REMOVE SNAP-IN
4. Choose CERTIFICATES and click the ADD button
5. Choose COMPUTER ACCOUNT
6. Choose LOCAL COMPUTER
7. Click FINISH
8. Click OK
9. Expand the CERTIFICATES
10. Expand PERSONAL
11. Select the DC in the RIGHT WINDOW PANE
12. Right Click on the DC
13. Choose ALL TASKS - EXPORT
14. Click NEXT (2 times)
15. Select Base-64 encoded X.509 (.CER) and click NEXT
15. Name the certificate file (will be on the DC)
16. Copy the file and import it when needed

Retrieve the Active Directory CA certificate from a Client

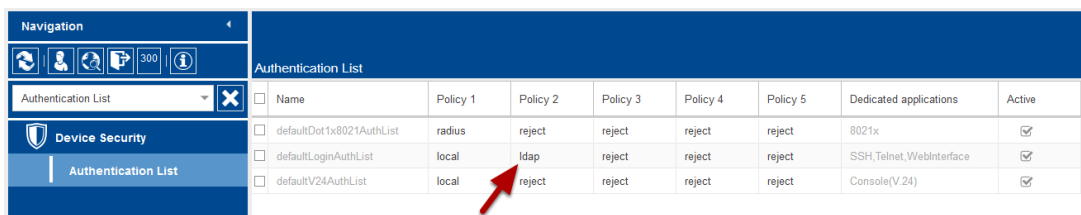


To retrieve the AD server certificate from a client device:

1. open the Microsoft Management Console - Window-key+R and type mmc
2. Select File - Add/Remove Snap-in (CTRL+M) and add 'Certificates' for Computer account

3. Select Certificates (Local Computer) - Trusted Root Certification Authorities - Certificates from the tree structure
4. Highlight the Belden-Global-Root-CA certificate and select All Tasks - Export from the context menu (right click)
5. In the certificate export wizard select Base-64 encoded X.509 (.CER) format to export in file.

Authentication List

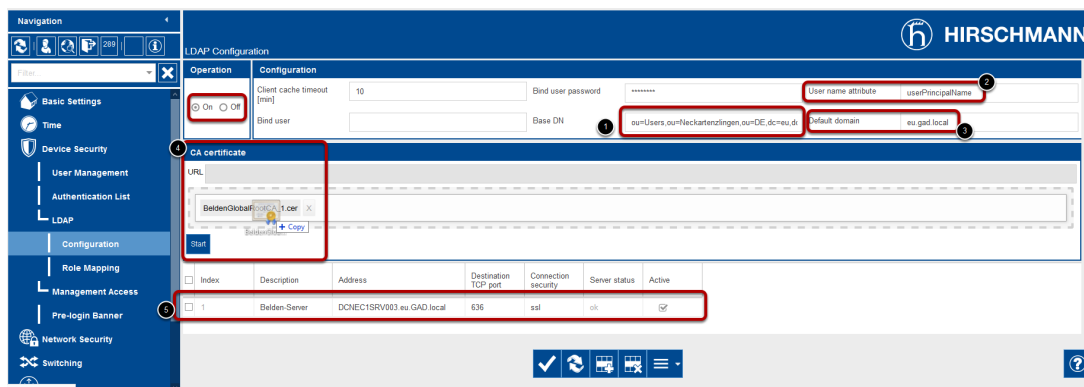


Name	Policy 1	Policy 2	Policy 3	Policy 4	Policy 5	Dedicated applications	Active
defaultDot1x8021AuthList	radius	reject	reject	reject	reject	8021x	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
defaultLoginAuthList	local	ldap	reject	reject	reject	SSH,Telnet,WebInterface	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
defaultV24AuthList	local	reject	reject	reject	reject	Console(V.24)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Change the authentication list policies to LDAP.

For testing put LDAP in second until you verified your configuration works.

LDAP configuration



LDAP Configuration

Operation: On Off

Configuration:

Client cache timeout [min]: 10

Bind user password:

User name attribute: userPrincipalName

Bind user: Base DN

Base DN: ou=Users,ou=Neckartenzlingen,ou=DE,dc=eu.d

Default domain: eu.gad.local

CA certificate:

URL:

Start

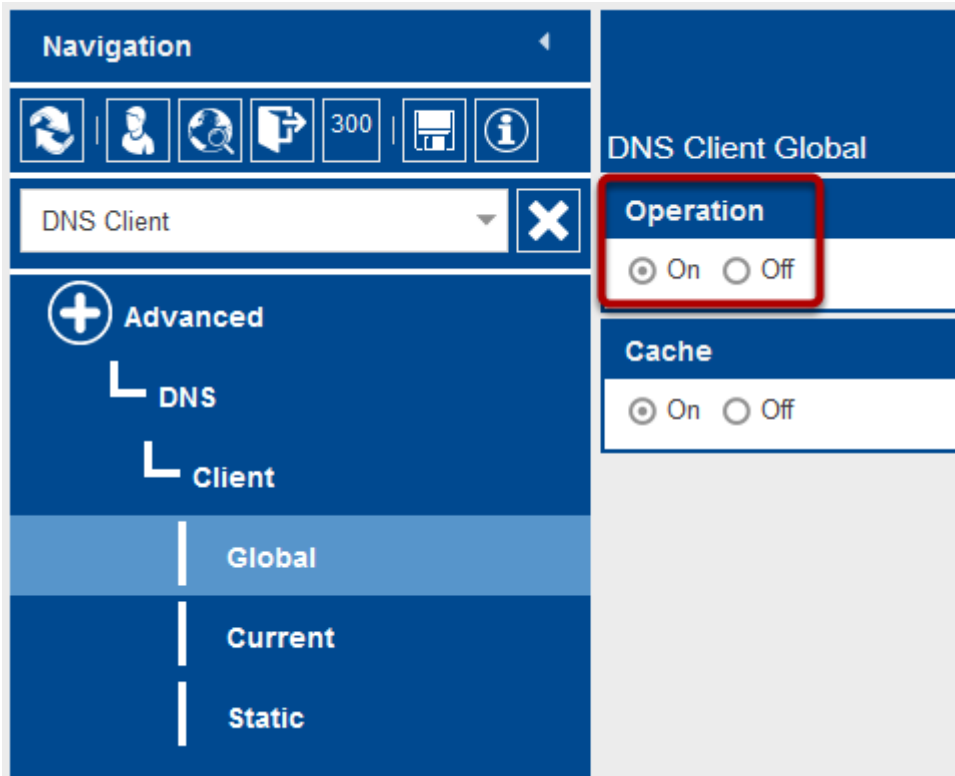
Index	Description	Address	Destination TCP port	Connection security	Server status	Active
1	Belden-Server	DCNEC1SRV003.eu.GAD.local	636	ssl	ok	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Operation: On

Configuration:

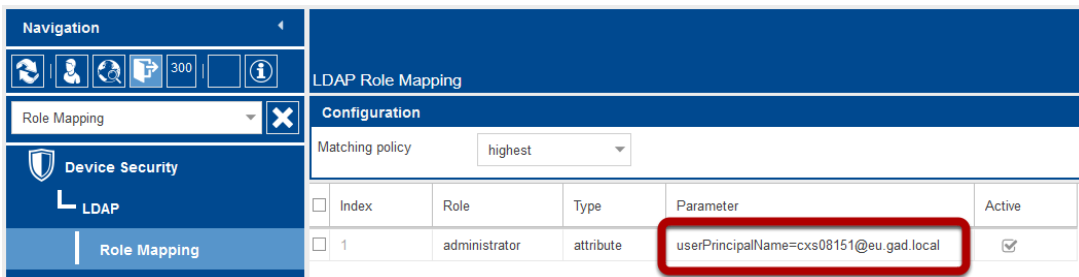
1. Base DN
2. User Name Attribute
3. Default domain
4. CA Certificate: Upload the server certificate if you use ssl or TLS
5. Specify the AD server, port number (usually 389 or 636). In this example we use a server name due to the used certificate. Make sure that you enable DNS client as well (see next step).

Enable DNS Client



Enable the DNS-Client

Role Mapping



Create a new role mapping.

Selectable roles are unauthorized, guest, auditor, operator and administrator

Map these roles to AD attribute or groups.